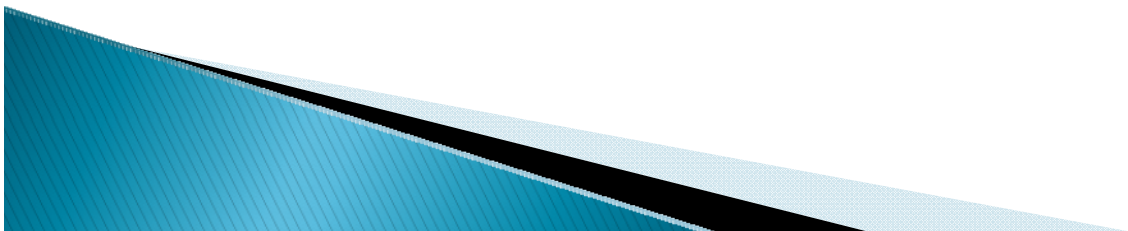


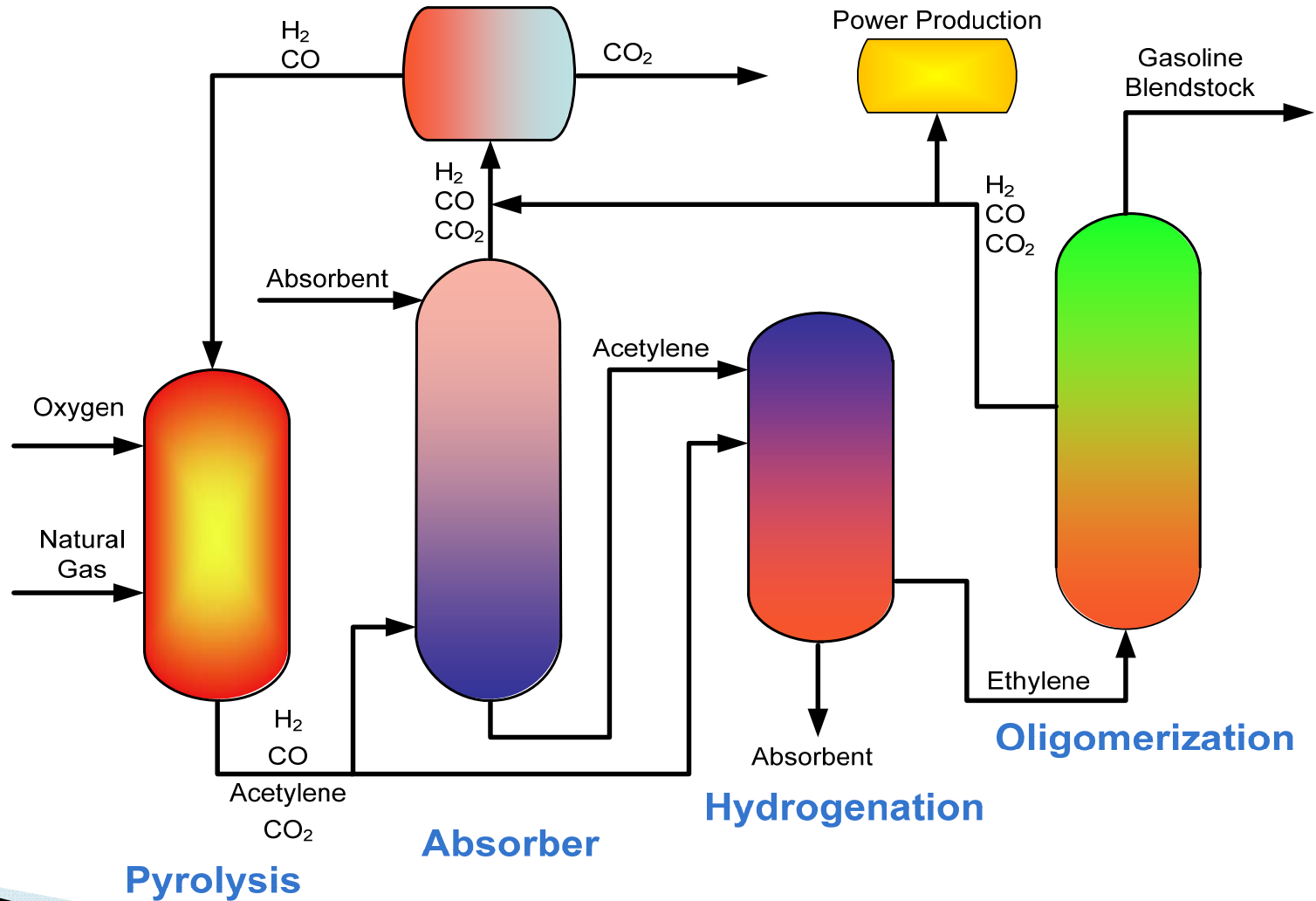


Synfuels GTX

- ▶ A 3 Step Process

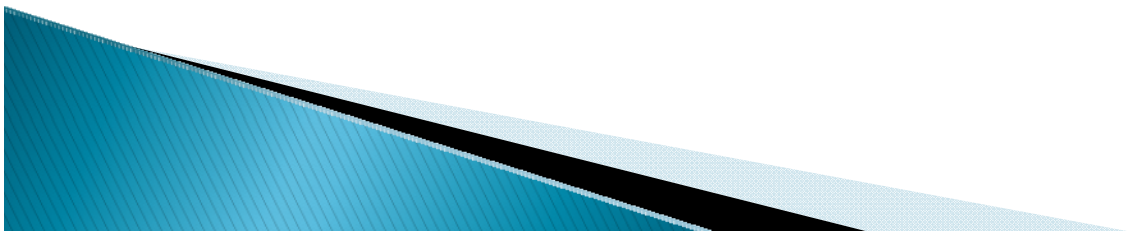


The Synfuels GTL Process



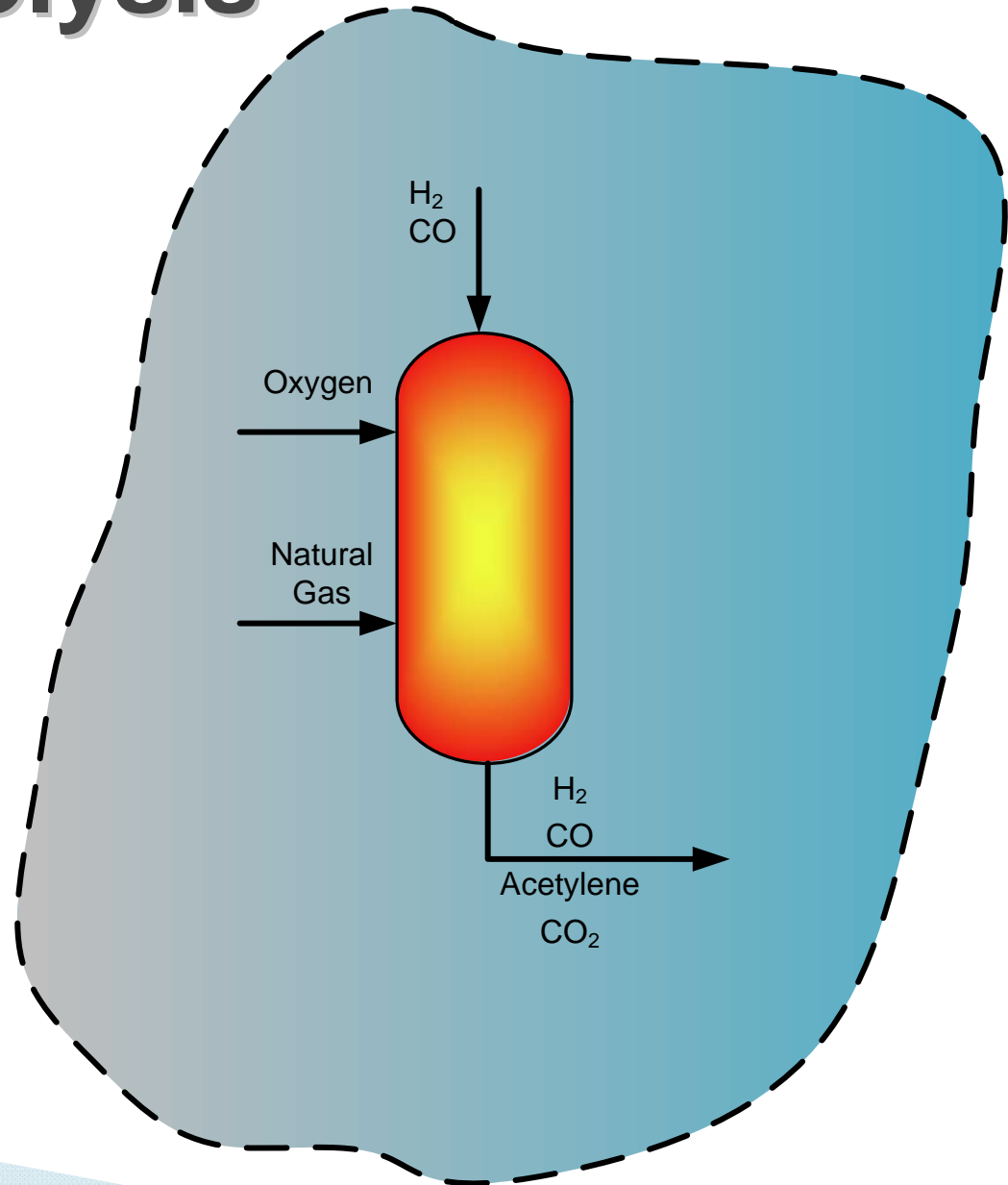
Step 1 - Pyrolysis

- ▶ Pyrolysis reactor converts hydrocarbon gas to acetylene and other components
- ▶ The Synfuels Pyrolysis Reactor is
 - Small
 - Operates at high temperature
 - Has no internal fixtures or moving parts
 - Constructed from conventional stainless steel
- ▶ A person can touch the exterior while the interior is at 2500C.



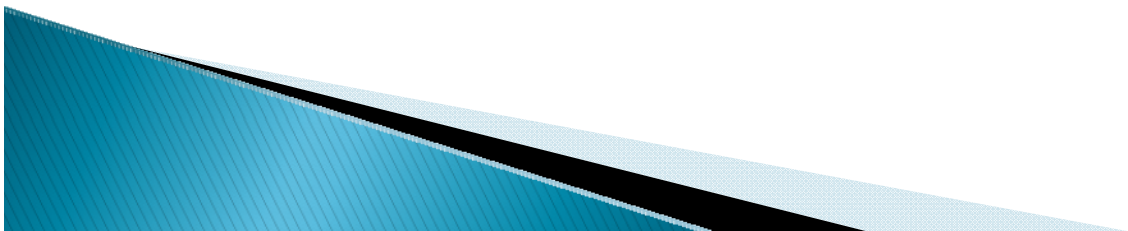
Step 1 - Pyrolysis

Gas To Acetylene (GTA)



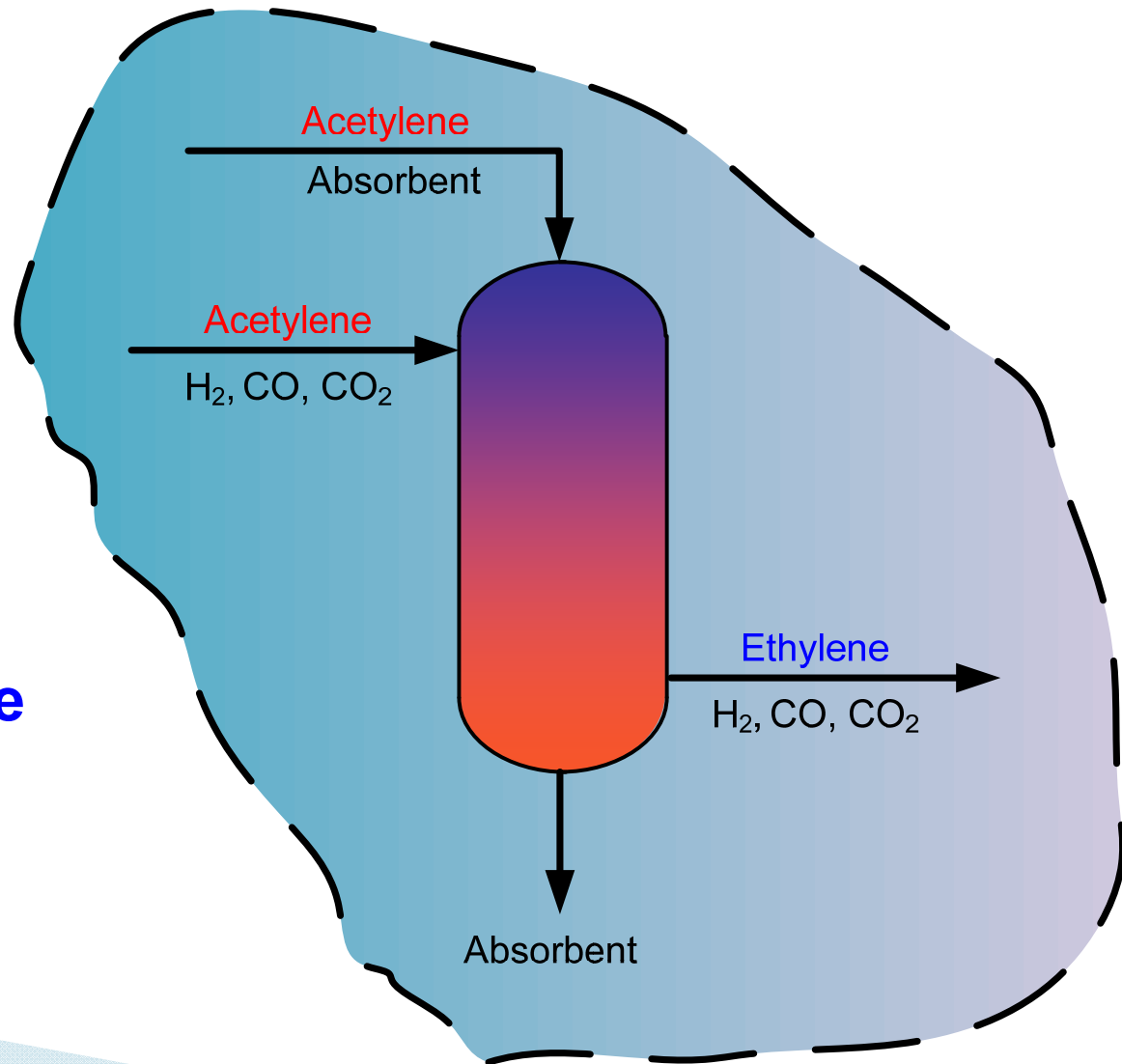
Step 2 - Hydrogenation

- ▶ The Hydrogenation reactor converts acetylene to ethylene
- ▶ The Synfuels Hydrogenation Reactor
 - Operates in the liquid phase
 - Precludes thermal runaway
 - Demonstrates 97% conversion to ethylene
 - Provides for easy separation of ethylene
 - Uses pyrolysis byproduct hydrogen



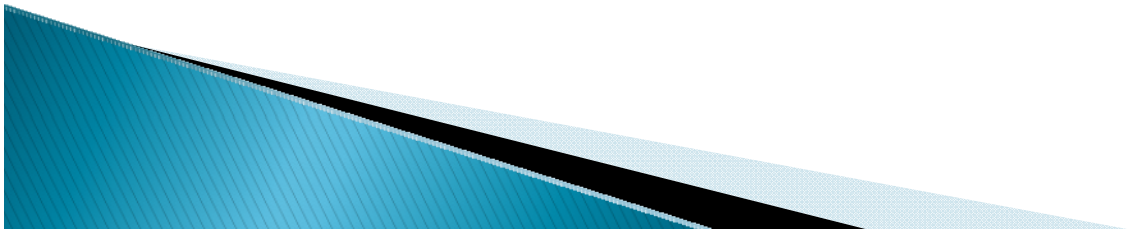
Step 2 - Hydrogenation

**Gas To Ethylene
(GTE)**

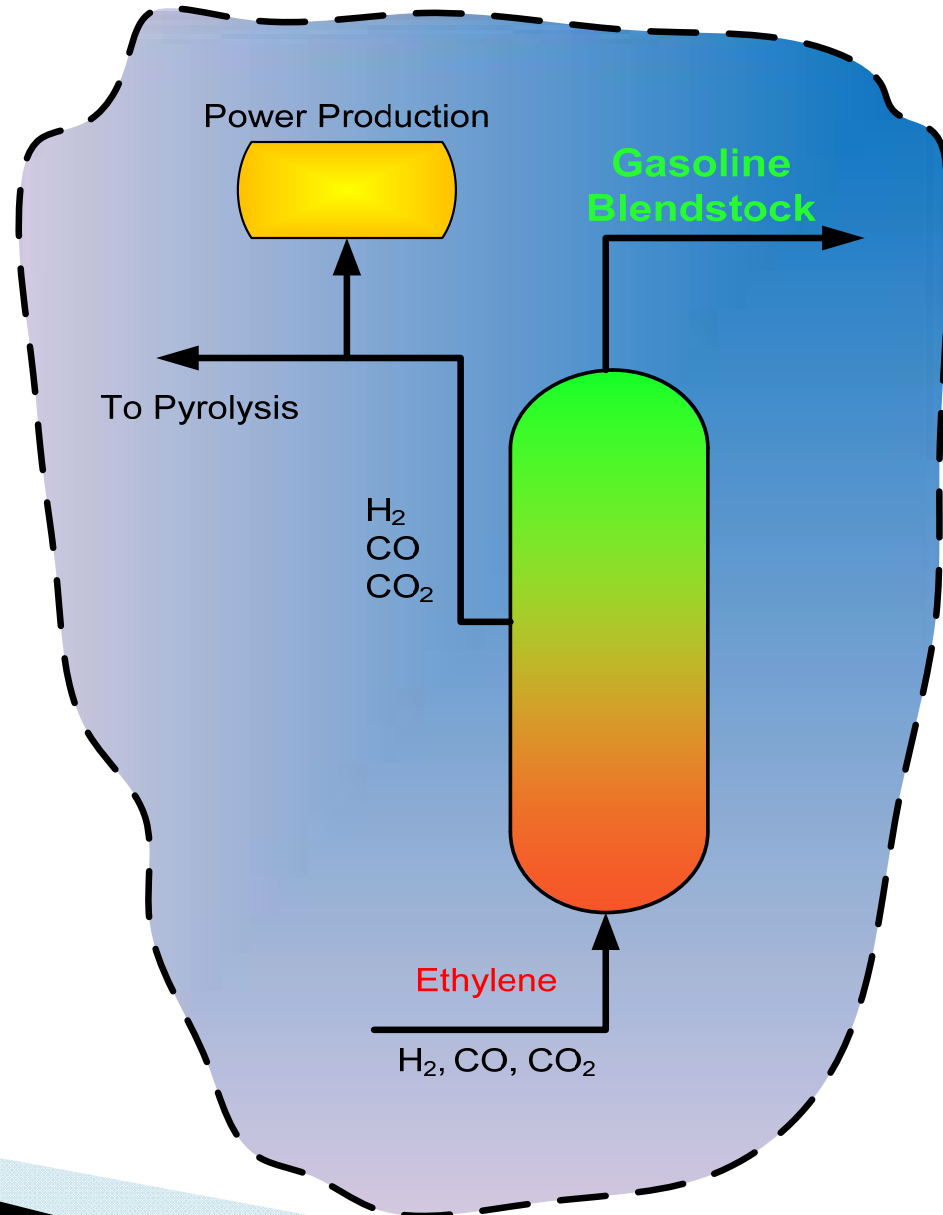


Step 3A - Oligomerization

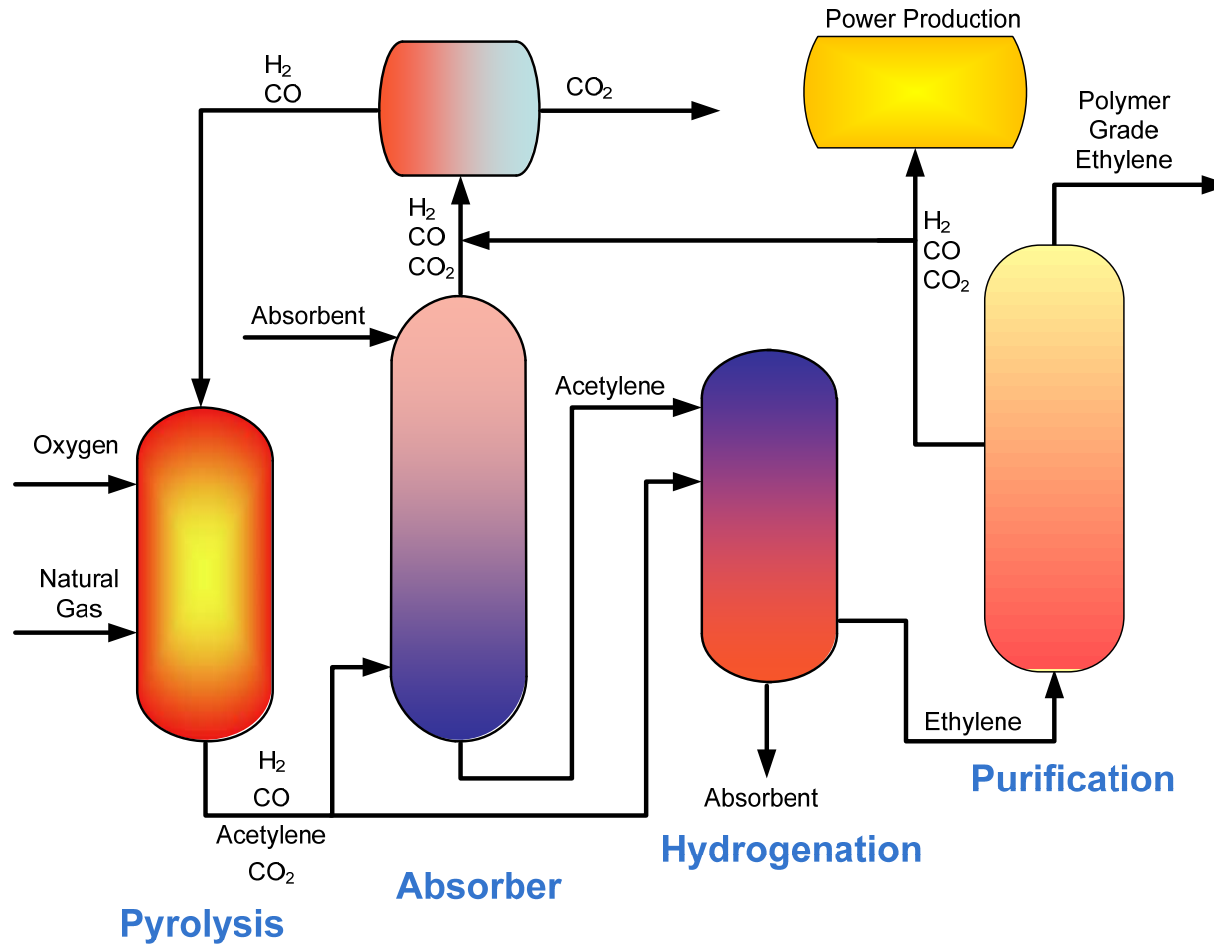
- ▶ The Oligomerization Reactor converts ethylene to gasoline blendstock
- ▶ Synfuels Oligomerization Reactor
 - Converts ethylene to heavy hydrocarbons in the presence of CO, CO₂, H₂ and CH₄
 - Utilizes a commercial catalyst



Step 3A - Oligomerization

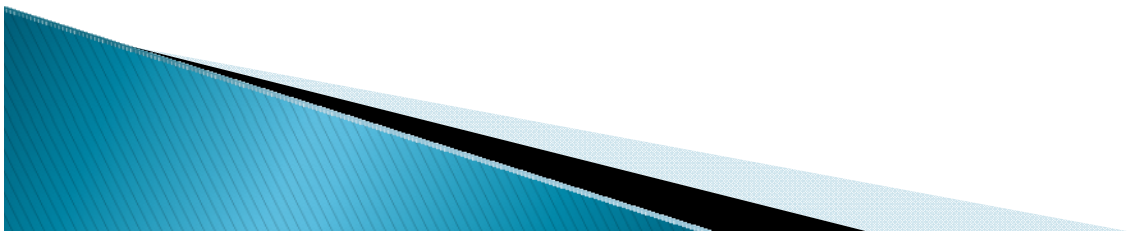


The Synfuels GTE Process

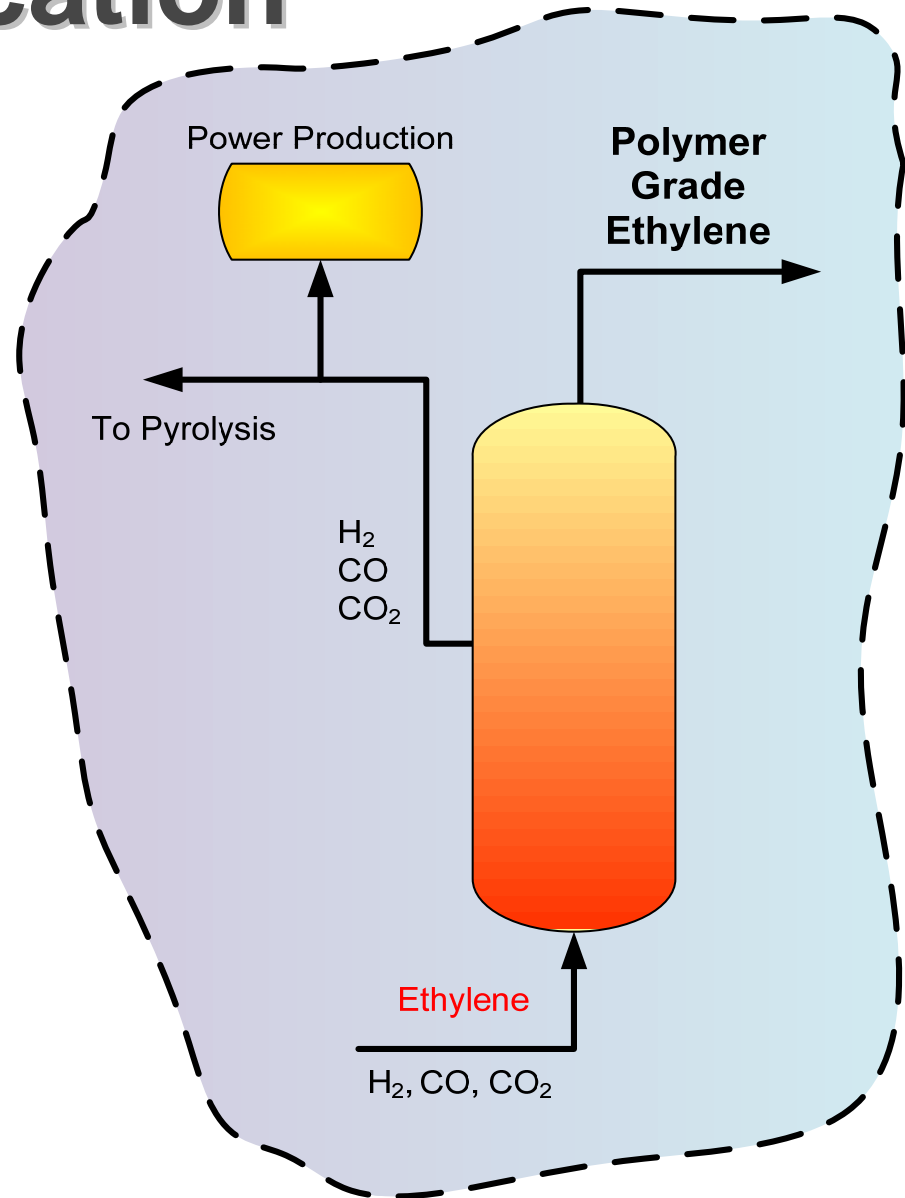


Step 3B - Purification

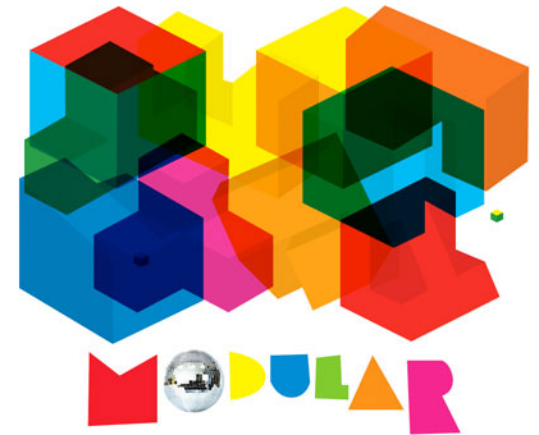
- ▶ Ethylene is separated from the other gases and purified to chemical or polymer grade
- ▶ Synfuels Purification Process
 - A cryogenic process to make polymer grade ethylene using well known technology
 - Individually separated gases can be used for energy generation or for other chemical processing



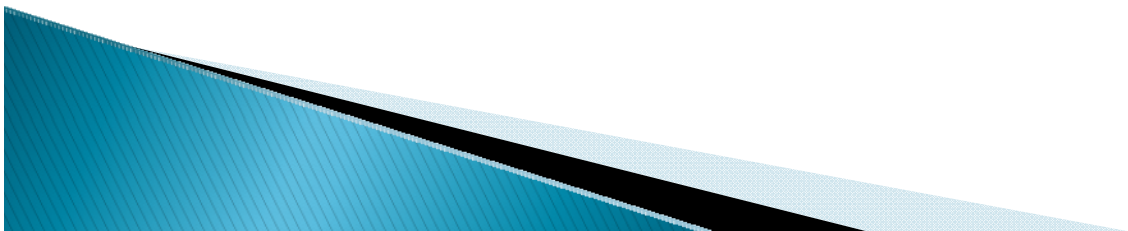
Step 3B - Purification



Benefits of Modularization

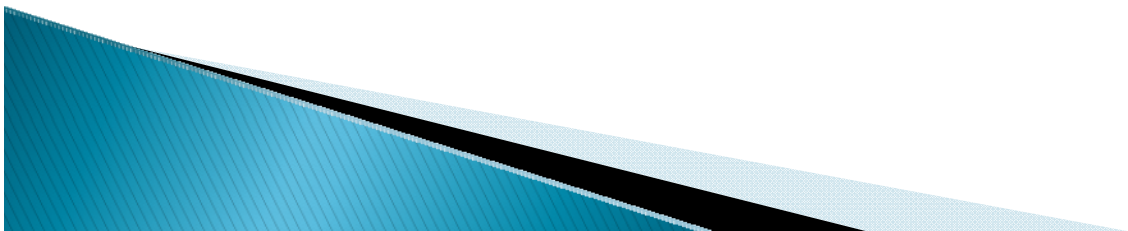


- ▶ Fabrication where skilled craftsmen, complex tools & construction supplies are more available
- ▶ Less impact on final project site
- ▶ Fewer fitting errors
- ▶ Reduced Field work and Elevated Construction
- ▶ Faster Construction Problem Correction



Benefits of Modularization

- ▶ Easier, more direct procurement
- ▶ Reduced site preparation
- ▶ Preloading of reactor catalysts
- ▶ Easier verification of instrumentation and control viability
- ▶ Reduced laydown area and time in field



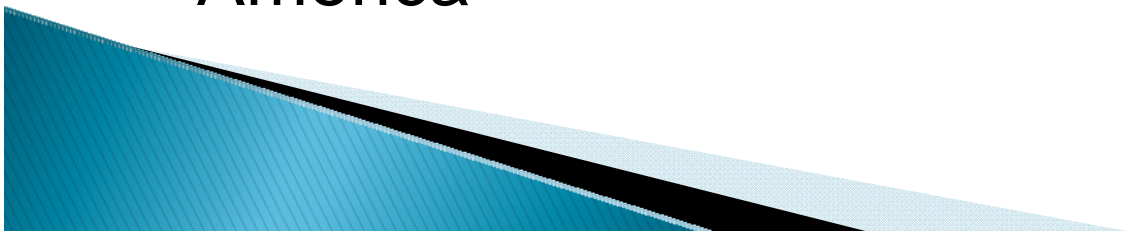
Mission

- ▶ Convert Low Value natural gas to High Value Gasoline Blendstock
 - Nigeria (<\$1), US Shale (<\$2), CBM (\$2 - \$4)
- ▶ Convert abundant natural gas to High Value Ethylene (>\$1000/tonne)
- ▶ Reduce gas flaring worldwide
- ▶ Add value by effective energy utilization
- ▶ Bring unused gas resources to market



Implementation

- ▶ West Africa – Small (10-25 MMSCFD) prefabricated modular plants for fields that have 2-5 years of gas resources
- ▶ Offshore Worldwide – Medium (20 – 50 MMSCFD) Ship/Platform based plants processing C1+C2 gas linked to petroleum production
- ▶ Large gas fields in remote areas – (50 to 250 MSMCFD) throughout Asia, Africa and South America

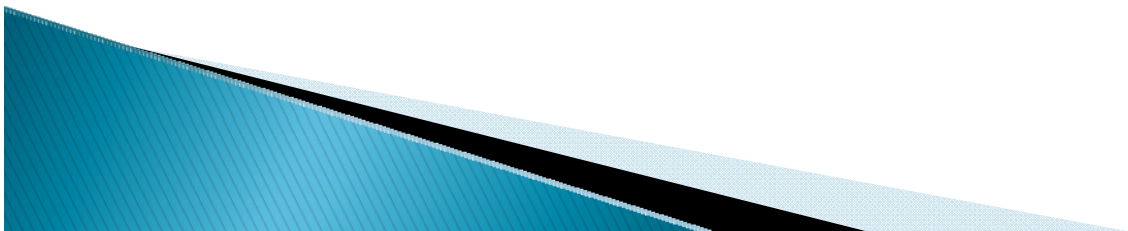
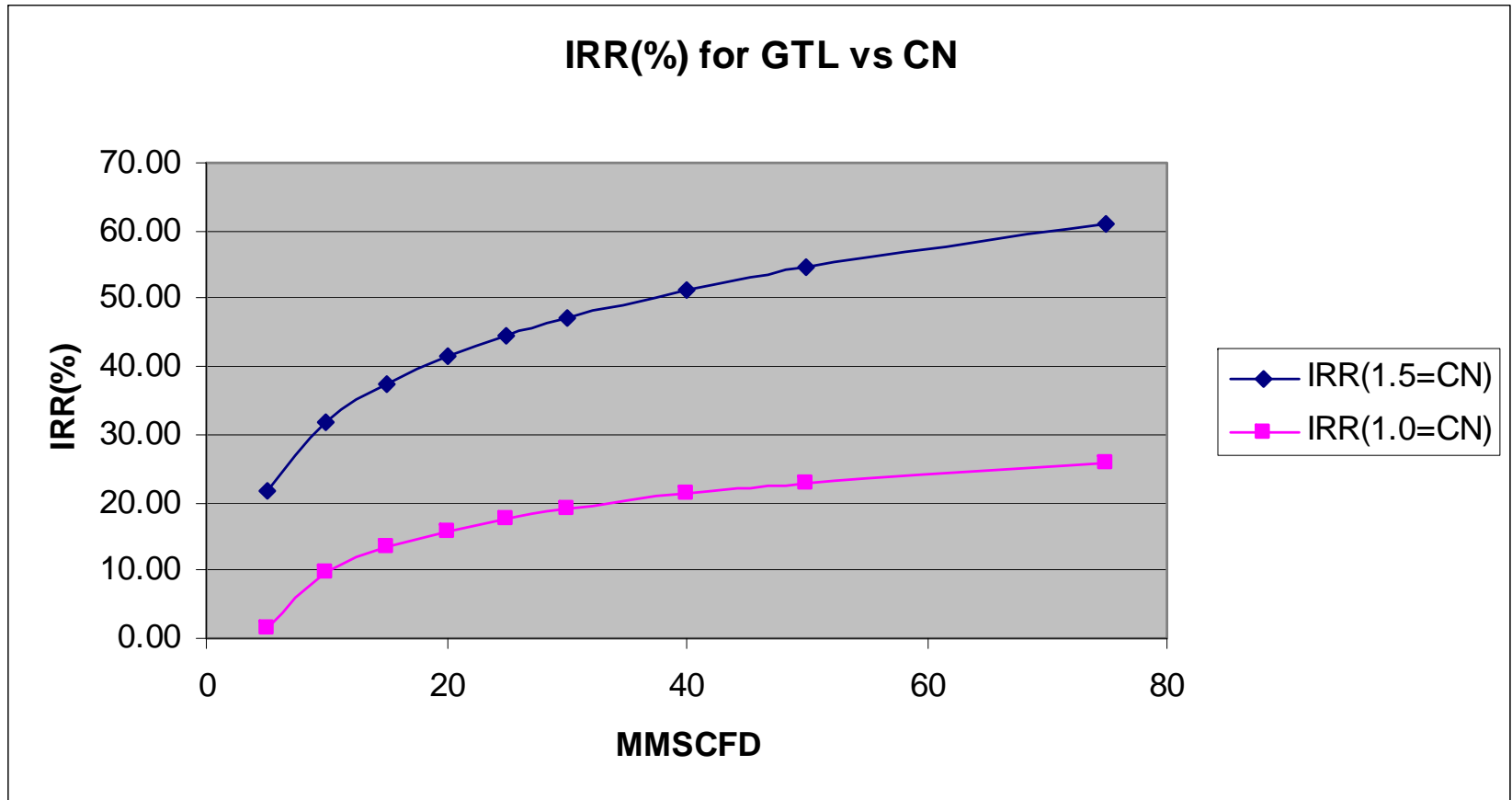


Technology

- ▶ Small Pyrolysis reactors that are easy to install
- ▶ Fixed bed catalyst reactors that operate at moderate pressure and temperature
- ▶ Stable, self moderating liquid phase hydrogenation
- ▶ Broad range of feedstock gas
- ▶ Diverse pure products
- ▶ Single pass design



Attractive Economics



Attractive Economics cont.

Gas Cost is \$2/MSCF				
	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)			product value \$/bbl
CN	10	50	200	
1	9.23	22.18	32.23	120
1.3	24.54	43.79	61.46	
1.6	41.1	69.06	96.06	

	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)			product value \$/bbl
CN	10	50	200	
1		11.17	18.11	90
1.3	13.92	28.43	40.57	
1.6	27.02	47.53	66.56	

	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)			product value \$/bbl
CN	10	50	200	
1		4.59	10.32	75
1.3	7.92	20.52	30.04	
1.6	19.75	36.72	51.81	

	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)			product value \$/bbl
CN	10	50	200	
1			0.41	60
1.3	0.4	12.04	19.18	
1.6	11.97	25.77	37.01	

Gas Cost is \$5/MSCF						
	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)				ethylene value	
CN	10	50	100	200	\$/tonne	\$/pound
1	12.99	28.04	34.11	40.34	1500	0.68
1.3	35.31	60.83	72.61	85.14		
1.6	60.54	99.58	118.27	138.33		

	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)				ethylene value \$/tonne	\$/pound
CN	10	50	100	200		
1	2.37	15.12	19.3	23.35	1200	0.54
1.3	22.89	42.13	50.6	59.5		
1.6	43.36	73.16	87.13	102.06		

	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)				ethylene value \$/tonne	\$/pound
CN	10	50	100	200		
1		4.34	7.57	10.35	990	0.45
1.3	13.63	28.91	35.13	41.53		
1.6	31.25	54.66	65.34	76.67		

	GAS FEED RATE (mmscfd)				ethylene value \$/tonne	\$/pound
CN	10	50	100	200		
1					770	0.35
1.3	1.62	14.35	18.43	22.37		
1.6	18.13	35.21	42.48	50.06		

*Values in Chart are %IRR

Partnerships

- ▶ TAMU - gave Synfuels access to novel process and patents
- ▶ AREF - provides marketing access to MENA countries for production
- ▶ Byogy – uses Synfuels oligomerization technology to biofuels production
- ▶ Major E&C Firms – brings excellent world wide reputation in engineering, construction, marketing and project management

